



DHD#10 URGES INDIVIDUALS TO SEEK PROTECTION AGAINST VIRAL HEPATITIS

July 26, 2021 – One person every 30 seconds dies from a hepatitis-related illness and 290 million people are currently living with viral hepatitis yet are unaware they have it.

World Hepatitis Day, July 28, 2021, urges that "Hepatitis Can't Wait":

- People unaware that they are living with viral hepatitis can't wait for testing.
- People living with hepatitis can't wait for life saving treatments.
- Pregnant women can't wait for hepatitis screening and treatment.
- Newborn babies can't wait for birth dose vaccination.
- People affected by hepatitis **can't wait** to end stigma and discrimination.
- Community organizations can't wait for greater investment.
- Decision makers can't wait and must act now to make hepatitis elimination a reality.

Hepatitis is an inflammation of the liver, most commonly caused by a viral infection. There are five different types of hepatitis, A, B, C, D, and E though hepatitis A, B, and C are the most prevalent in Michigan. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), these three types of hepatitis can be described as followed:

- Hepatitis A is a vaccine-preventable liver infection found in the stool and blood
 of infected people. It is highly contagious and typically spreads through eating
 food or drink contaminated with feces or from close, personal contact with an
 infected person such as certain types of sexual contact, using and sharing druginjecting equipment, or caring for someone who is ill. Most people with
 hepatitis A do not have long-lasting illness.
- Hepatitis B is a vaccine-preventable liver infection that is spread when blood, semen, or other body fluids from an infected person enters the body of someone who is not infected by way of sexual contact, using and sharing druginjecting equipment, or from mother to baby at birth. For many, hepatitis B is a short-term illness, but for others it can become a long-term, chronic infection that can be life-threatening.
- Hepatitis C is a liver infection spread through contact with blood from an
 infected person. Most people are infected by using and sharing drug-injecting
 equipment. For some it is a short-term illness, but for more than half of those
 with hepatitis C, it becomes a long-term, chronic illness. There currently is no
 vaccine for hepatitis C, but there are treatments if individuals get tested within
 the first 8 to 12 weeks of infection.

The best and most effective way to protect and prevent the spread of hepatitis A and B is through vaccination. Schedule a vaccination appointment with your health care provider or call 888-217-3904 to get in contact with your local DHD#10 office!



MEDIA CONTACT

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COUNTIES SERVED:

Crawford Kalkaska Lake Manistee Mason Mecosta Missaukee Newaygo Oceana Wexford





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